



Functional Requirements for Authority Data (FRAD)

Modifications and Errata for the 2009 text

Published: November 2011

Modifications

Section 4.2 (Attributes of a Family) (p. 41)

Insert NEW attribute between *Places associated with family* and *Field of activity* as follows:

Language of family A language associated with the family.

Chapter 6 (User Tasks)

Table 4

Section for Family (p. 87)

Insert line for the *Language of family* attribute.

Entity	Attribute/Relationship	FIND	IDENTIFY	CONTEXTUALIZE	JUSTIFY
Family	"Has appellation/is appellation of" relationship ⇔ name*	■		■	
	"Assigned/is assigned to" relationship ⇔ identifier*	■	■		
	Type of family*	■	■		
	Dates of family*	■	■	■	
	Places associated with family*		■	■	
	Language of family*		■		■
	Field of activity*			■	

Errata in 2009 published text

Section 3.4 (Entity Definitions)

Definition of Manifestation (p. 28)

The physical embodiment of an expression of a work. [FRBR, modified]

(Explanation: The definition in FRAD is the same as that in FRBR, it is not modified.)

Definition of Name (p. 31)

A character, word, or group of words and/or characters by which an entity is known in the real world. [FRBR, modified]

Section 5.3.1 (Relationships between Persons)

Official relationship (p. 62)

Example

The relationship between the person known as John Fitzgerald Kennedy and that person's official name his identity as President of the United States, for the period 1961-1963.

Attributive relationship (example at top of p. 63)

Example

The relationship between the person known as Pseudo-Brutus Marcus Junius Brutus and the person known as Marcus Junius Brutus, Pseudo-Brutus whose to whom the former's works have been erroneously attributed to Marcus Junius Brutus.

(clean version)

The relationship between the person known as Pseudo-Brutus and the person known as Marcus Junius Brutus, to whom the former's works have been erroneously attributed.

Section 5.3.6 (Relationships between Corporate Bodies)

Hierarchical relationship 2nd paragraph (bottom of p. 67)

This relationship is usually expressed in authority data through the hierarchical structure of the authorized form of name given to the subordinate body (to include including the preferred form of name of the higher level body), through see references, and/or explained through information notes or catalogue's notes:

Section 5.4.1 (Relationships between Names of Persons)

Earlier name relationship (p. 75)

Examples

The relationship between **a name of** a person who was made Earl of Beaconsfield, thus acquiring the name “Benjamin Disraeli, Earl of Beaconsfield” and that person’s earlier name, “Benjamin Disraeli”.

The relationship between **a name of** a person who married a Mr. Nichols, thus acquiring the name “Charlotte Nichols” and that person’s earlier name, “Charlotte Bronte”.

Later name relationship (example at top of p. 76)

Examples

The relationship between **a name of** a person whose name prior to marrying Robert Browning was “Elizabeth Barrett” and that person’s later name, “Elizabeth Barrett Browning”.

Chapter 6 (User Tasks)

Table 4

Section for Person (p. 84-86)

Delete line for *Pseudonym relationship to name of person* on p. 86. The relationship is correctly represented earlier in the table (previous page) as between *Pseudonymous relationship* and *person*.

Person	“Has appellation/is appellation of” relationship ⇔ name	■		■	
	“Assigned” relationship ⇔ identifier	■	■		
	Dates of person		■	■	■
	Title of person	■	■		
	Gender*		■		
	Place of birth*		■		
	Place of death*		■		
	Country*		■		■
	Place of residence*		■		■
	Affiliation*		■		
	Address*		■		
	Language of person*		■		■
	Field of activity*		■		
	Profession/occupation*		■		
	Biography/history*		■	■	
	Other information elements associated with the person	■	■		
	Pseudonymous relationship ⇔ person*	■		■	

Secular relationship ⇔ person*	■		■	
Religious relationship ⇔ person*	■		■	
Official relationship ⇔ person*	■		■	
Attributive relationship ⇔ person*	■		■	
Collaborative relationship ⇔ person*			■	
Sibling relationship ⇔ person*		■	■	
Parent/child relationship ⇔ person*		■	■	
Membership relationship ⇔ family*		■	■	
Membership relationship ⇔ corporate body*			■	
Pseudonym relationship ⇔ name of person*	■		■	
Earlier name relationship ⇔ name of person*	■		■	
Later name relationship ⇔ name of person*	■		■	
Alternative linguistic form relationship ⇔ name of person*	■		■	
Other variant name relationship ⇔ name of person*	■		■	

Section for Expression (p. 91)

Remove the asterisk (*) after the *Technique* attribute (this attribute is not an addition to the Expression attributes defined in FRBR, the attributes list on p. 46, section 4.5, is correct).

Section for Controlled Access Point (p. 94-95)

Insert the line for the attribute *Language of base access point* (the attribute is defined in section 4.14, p. 51).

Entity	Attribute/Relationship	F I N D	I D E N T I F Y	C O N T E X T U A L I Z E	J U S T I F Y
Controlled Access Point	Type of controlled access point		■		
	Status of controlled access point for the preferred form		■		■
	Designated usage of controlled access point		■	■	
	Undifferentiated access point		■		
	Language of base access point		■		
	Language of cataloguing		■		■
	Script of base access point		■		
	Script of cataloguing		■		■
	Transliteration scheme of base access point		■		
	Transliteration scheme of cataloguing		■		■